

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2024

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-40885

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Cayman Islands

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-1583469

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

11755 Wilshire Blvd.
Suite 2320

Los Angeles, California 90025

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(424) 324-2990

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Units, each consisting of one Class A ordinary share, \$0.0001 par value, and one-half of one redeemable warrant	LCW.U	The New York Stock Exchange
Class A ordinary shares included as part of the units	LCW	The New York Stock Exchange
Warrants included as part of the units, each whole warrant exercisable for one Class A ordinary share at an exercise price of \$11.50	LCW.WS	The New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of August 19, 2024, there were 9,338,421 of the registrant's Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 5,750,000 of the registrant's Class B ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, issued and outstanding.

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

	<u>June 30, 2024</u> (Unaudited)	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 205,454	\$ 116,234
Prepaid Expenses	267,005	602,682
Total Current Assets	472,459	718,916
Assets Held in Trust	101,592,732	100,304,232
Total Assets	\$ 102,065,191	\$ 101,023,148
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 8,018,827	\$ 5,985,161
Shareholder redemption payable	-	249,339
Deferred credits	586,918	400,000
Total Current Liabilities	8,605,745	6,634,500
Convertible Note – Related Party	3,800,000	2,439,000
Warrant Liabilities	2,796,900	372,920
Total Liabilities	15,202,645	9,446,420
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 6)		
Class A ordinary shares; 9,338,421 and 9,338,421 shares at redemption value of \$10.88 per share and \$10.71 per share at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	101,592,732	100,054,892
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Preferred shares, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding	-	-
Class A ordinary shares, \$0.0001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding (excluding 9,338,421 shares subject to possible redemption) at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023	-	-
Class B ordinary shares, \$0.0001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 5,750,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023	575	575
Additional paid in capital	-	-
Accumulated deficit	(14,730,761)	(8,478,739)
Total Shareholders' Deficit	(14,730,186)	(8,478,164)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit	\$ 102,065,191	\$ 101,023,148

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Formation costs and other operating expenses	\$ 1,333,608	\$ 428,076	\$ 2,928,040	\$ 781,121
Loss from Operations	\$ (1,333,608)	\$ (428,076)	\$ (2,928,040)	\$ (781,121)
Other income (expense):				
Interest income on trust account	637,838	2,743,828	637,838	5,204,752
Interest income on cash account	-	375	-	375
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(1,864,600)	(186,460)	(2,423,980)	559,380
Net (Loss)/Income	\$ (2,560,370)	\$ 2,129,667	\$ (4,714,182)	\$ 4,983,386
Weighted average shares outstanding of Class A ordinary shares	9,338,422	23,000,000	9,338,422	23,000,000
Basic and diluted net (loss)/income per share, Class A ordinary shares	\$ (0.17)	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.31)	\$ 0.17
Weighted average shares outstanding of Class B ordinary shares	5,750,000	5,750,000	5,750,000	5,750,000
Basic and diluted net (loss)/income per share, Class B ordinary shares	\$ (0.17)	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.31)	\$ 0.17

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024
(UNAUDITED)

	Class B Ordinary Shares		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Shareholders' Deficit
	Shares	Amount			
Balance – January 1, 2024	5,750,000	\$ 575	\$ -	\$ (8,478,739)	\$ (8,478,164)
Accretion of Class A ordinary shares to redemption value	-	-	-	(450,000)	(450,000)
Net loss	-	-	-	(2,153,812)	(2,153,812)
Balance – March 31, 2024	5,750,000	\$ 575	\$ -	\$ (11,082,551)	\$ (11,081,976)
Accretion of Class A ordinary shares to redemption value	-	-	-	(1,087,840)	(1,087,840)
Net loss	-	-	-	(2,560,370)	(2,560,370)
Balance – June 30, 2024	5,750,000	\$ 575	\$ -	\$ (14,730,761)	\$ (14,730,186)

FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
(UNAUDITED)

	Class B Ordinary Shares		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Shareholders' Deficit
	Shares	Amount			
Balance – January 1, 2023	5,750,000	\$ 575	\$ -	\$ (11,661,346)	\$ (11,660,771)
Accretion of Class A ordinary shares to redemption value	-	-	-	(2,460,924)	(2,460,924)
Net income	-	-	-	2,853,719	2,853,719
Balance – March 31, 2023	5,750,000	\$ 575	\$ -	\$ (11,268,551)	\$ (11,267,976)
Accretion of Class A ordinary shares to redemption value	-	-	-	(2,743,828)	(2,743,828)
Net income	-	-	-	2,129,667	2,129,667
Balance – June 30, 2023	5,750,000	\$ 575	\$ -	\$ (11,882,712)	\$ (11,882,137)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2024	For the six months ended June 30, 2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net (loss)/income	\$ (4,714,182)	\$ 4,983,386
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	(637,838)	(5,204,752)
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	2,423,980	(559,380)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	335,677	311,348
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,033,666	309,780
Deferred credits	186,918	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(371,780)	(159,618)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Investment of cash in Trust Account	(900,001)	(345,000)
Cash withdrawn from Trust Account in connection with redemption	249,339	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(650,661)	(345,000)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from convertible promissory note – related party	1,734,192	-
Repayment of promissory note – related party	(373,192)	-
Payment for Class A ordinary shares previously redeemed	(249,339)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,111,661	-
Net Change in Cash	89,220	(504,618)
Cash – Beginning of the period	116,234	748,857
Cash – End of the period	\$ 205,454	\$ 244,239
Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Accretion of Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption	\$ 1,537,840	\$ 5,204,752

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2024
(Unaudited)

Note 1 – Description of Organization and Business Operations

Learn CW Investment Corporation (the “Company”) is a blank check company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on February 2, 2021. The Company was formed for the purpose of effectuating a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses (an “initial business combination”). The Company is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had not yet commenced any operations. All activity through June 30, 2024 relates to the Company’s formation, the initial public offering (the “Initial Public Offering”), identifying a target for an initial business combination, executing agreements, including without limitation the Business Combination Agreement (the “Business Combination Agreement”) entered into on October 24, 2023 with Learn SPAC HoldCo, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Holdco”), LCW Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Holdco (“LCW Merger Sub”), Innventure Merger Sub, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Holdco (“Innventure Merger Sub”) and Innventure LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Innventure”).

The Business Combination Agreement related to the proposed business combination transaction with Innventure (the “Business Combination” and, together with the other transactions contemplated by thereby, the “Transactions”), and public filings associated therewith. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its initial business combination, at the earliest. The Company generates non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering.

The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The registration statement for the Company’s Initial Public Offering was declared effective on October 7, 2021. On October 13, 2021, the Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 23,000,000 units (the “Units”), which included 3,000,000 Units issued pursuant to the exercise by the underwriter of its over-allotment option. Each Unit consists of one Class A ordinary share of the Company, \$0.0001 par value per share (the “Class A ordinary shares”), and one-half of one redeemable warrant of the Company (the “Public Warrants”), each whole Public Warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one Class A ordinary share at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share. The Units were sold at an offering price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$230,000,000.

Substantially concurrently with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company completed the private sale of 7,146,000 warrants (the “Private Placement Warrants” and, together with the Public Warrants, the “Warrants”) to the Company’s sponsor, CWAM LC Sponsor LLC (the “Sponsor”), at a purchase price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating gross proceeds to the Company of \$7,146,000.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, an amount of \$232,300,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement Warrants was placed in a trust account (“Trust Account”), to be held until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of an initial business combination or (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account, as described below. The amounts held in the Trust Account were initially invested in permitted United States “government securities” within the meaning of Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, having a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act that invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations until October 2023, when the trustee liquidated such investments and the assets in the Trust Account were held in cash accounts. In May 2024, the assets in the Trust Account were moved to an interest-bearing demand deposit account.

Transaction costs of the Initial Public Offering amounted to \$13,157,186, consisting of \$2,446,000 of underwriting fee, \$9,780,500 of deferred underwriting fee and \$930,686 of other offering costs, with \$781,595 included in accumulated deficit as an allocation for the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants.

The Company’s management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating an initial business combination. New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) rules provide that an initial business combination must be with one or more target businesses that together have a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the balance in the Trust Account (as defined below) (less any deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on interest earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the signing of a definitive agreement to enter an initial business combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect an initial business combination.

The Company will provide its holders of Public Shares (the “public shareholders”) with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares upon the completion of an initial business combination either (i) in connection with a shareholder meeting of the Company called to approve an initial business combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. In connection with a proposed initial business combination, the Company may seek shareholder approval of such business combination at a meeting called for such purpose at which shareholders may seek to redeem their shares, regardless of whether they vote for or against such business combination.

If the Company seeks shareholder approval of an initial business combination, the Company will proceed with such business combination only if the Company receives an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law approving such business combination, which requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shareholders who attend and vote at a general meeting of the Company, or such other vote as required by law or stock exchange rule. If a shareholder vote is not required and the Company does not decide to hold a shareholder vote for business or other legal reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association (the “Charter”), conduct the redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), and file tender offer documents containing substantially the same information as would be included in a proxy statement with the SEC prior to completing an initial business combination. If the Company seeks shareholder approval in connection with an initial business combination, the Sponsor has agreed to vote its Founder Shares (as defined in Note 5) and any Public Shares purchased during or after the Proposed Public Offering in favor of approving such business combination. Additionally, each Public Shareholder may elect to redeem their Public Shares, without voting, and if they do vote, irrespective of whether they vote for or against a proposed initial business combination.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company seeks shareholder approval of an initial business combination and the Company does not conduct redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules, a Public Shareholder, together with any affiliate of such shareholder or any other person with whom such shareholder is acting in concert or as a “group” (as defined under Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)), will be restricted from redeeming its shares with respect to more than an aggregate of 15% of the Public Shares without the Company’s prior written consent.

The Sponsor has agreed (a) to waive its redemption rights with respect to any Founder Shares and Public Shares held by it in connection with the completion of an initial business combination and (b) not to propose an amendment to the Charter (i) to modify the substance or timing of the Company’s obligation to allow redemption in connection with an initial business combination or to redeem 100% of the Public Shares if the Company does not complete an initial business combination by the Extended Date (as defined below) or (ii) with respect to any other provision relating to shareholders’ rights or pre-initial business combination activity, unless the Company provides the Public Shareholders with the opportunity to redeem their Class A ordinary shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the Trust account and not previously released to pay taxes, divided by the number of then issued and outstanding Class A ordinary shares.

On October 11, 2023, the Public Shareholders of the Company held an extraordinary general meeting (the “Meeting”) and approved a proposal to (i) amend the Charter to extend to the date by which the Company must consummate an initial business combination (the “Extension Amendment Proposal”) from October 13, 2023 to October 13, 2024, by electing to extend the date to consummate an initial business combination on a monthly basis for up to twelve (12) times by an additional one month each time (as extended, the “Extended Date”), unless the closing of an initial business combination has occurred, provided that the Sponsor (or its affiliates or permitted designees) will deposit into the Trust Account for each such one-month extension period the lesser of (x) \$150,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share that remains outstanding and is not redeemed prior to any such one-month extension, unless the closing of an initial business combination has occurred, which may be made in exchange for a non-interest bearing promissory note payable upon consummation of an initial business combination, (ii) amend the Charter to permit the issuance of Class A ordinary shares to holders of the Class B ordinary shares, \$0.0001 par value per share (the “Class B ordinary shares”), upon the exercise of the right of a holder of the Class B ordinary shares to convert such Class B ordinary shares into Class A ordinary shares on a one-for-one basis, at any time and from time to time, prior to the closing of an initial business combination (the “Founder Share Amendment Proposal”), and (iii) amend the Charter to eliminate the limitation that the Company may not redeem Class A ordinary shares in an amount that would cause the Company’s net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (the “Redemption Limitation Proposal”). At the Meeting, the Public Shareholders approved the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Founder Share Amendment Proposal and the Redemption Limitation Proposal.

Furthermore, in connection with the Meeting, shareholders holding 13,661,579 Class A ordinary shares exercised their right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the funds in the Trust Account. As a result, approximately \$145.2 million (based on a redemption price of approximately \$10.63 per share) was removed from the Trust Account to pay such holders.

On October 24, 2023, the Company entered into the Business Combination Agreement with Holdco, LCW Merger Sub, Innventure Merger Sub and Innventure, pursuant to which the parties thereto will enter into the Business Combination, pursuant to which, among other things, (i) LCW Merger Sub will merge with and into the Company (the “LCW Merger”), with the Company being the surviving company, and (ii) Innventure Merger Sub will merge with and into Innventure (the “Innventure Merger” and together with the LCW Merger, the “Mergers”), with Innventure being the surviving company. Following the Mergers, each of the Company and Innventure will be a subsidiary of Holdco, and Holdco will become a publicly traded company. At the closing of the Business Combination, Holdco is expected to change its name to Innventure, Inc., and its common stock, par value \$0.0001, is expected to list on Nasdaq.

The Company recorded a deferred credit of \$586,918 as of June 30, 2024, on its balance sheet which reflects payments received from Innventure for the reimbursement of 50% of certain expenses of the Company by Innventure pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement.

The consummation of the proposed Business Combination with Innventure is subject to certain conditions as further described in the Business Combination Agreement.

On August 12, 2024, the Company announced that \$150,000 was deposited into the Trust Account to extend the period of time the Company has to consummate an initial business combination to September 13, 2024.

If the Company has not completed an initial business combination by September 13, 2024 and the Company decides not to extend the period of time to consummate an initial business combination, the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem 100% of the Class A ordinary shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then issued and outstanding Class A ordinary shares, which redemption will completely extinguish the rights of the Public Shareholders as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any), and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining Public Shareholders and its board of directors (the "Board"), liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions with respect to the Company's Public Warrants, which will expire worthless if the Company fails to complete an initial business combination by the Extended Date.

The Sponsor has agreed to waive its rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to the Founder Shares it will receive if the Company fails to complete an initial business combination by the Extended Date. However, if the Sponsor or any of its respective affiliates acquire Public Shares, such Public Shares will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account if the Company fails to complete an initial business combination by the Extended Date.

In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party (other than the Company's independent registered public accounting firm) for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (1) \$10.00 per public share and (2) the actual amount per public share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, if less than \$10.00 per public share, due to reductions in the value of trust assets, in each case net of the interest that may be withdrawn to pay taxes. This liability will not apply to any claims by a third party who executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account and as to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriter of the Initial Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, the Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims. The Company will seek to reduce the possibility that the Sponsor will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers (other than the Company's independent registered public accounting firm), prospective target businesses or other entities with which the Company does business, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Going Concern

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had cash of \$205,454 and \$116,234 held outside of the Trust Account, respectively. The Company intends to use substantially all of the funds held the Trust Account. To the extent that its shares or debt are used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete its initial business combination, the remaining proceeds held in the Trust Account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the post-business combination entity, make other acquisitions and pursue the Company's growth strategies.

On May 3, 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note with the Sponsor pursuant to which the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company up to an aggregate amount of \$1,050,000 which the Company drew down in full on May 5, 2022. This note is non-interest bearing and is due on the earlier of the day by which the Company must complete an initial business combination, and the effective date of such business combination. On December 29, 2023, the Company and the Sponsor amended and restated the promissory note (the "First Restated Note"), agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$2,487,000. On March 19, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor further amended and restated the First Restated Note (the "Second Restated Note"), agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,050,000. On June 28, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor further amended and restated the Second Restated Note (the "Third Restated Note" and, as may be further amended and restated, the "Note"), agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,800,000, which was fully drawn as of such date. The outstanding balance under this loan amounted to \$3,800,000 as of June 30, 2024. Management determined that there was an embedded conversion feature related to the Note that would require bifurcation and be classified as a liability. However, based on a third-party valuation, the amount was determined to be de minimis.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2024, the Company sustained negative cash flows from operations and expects to continue to incur negative cash flows from operations for at least the next twelve months from the filing of this report.

In connection with the Company's assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standard Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15, "Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern," the Company has until the Extended Date to consummate the proposed Business Combination. It is uncertain that the Company will be able to consummate the proposed Business Combination by this time. On August 12, 2024, the Company announced that \$150,000 was deposited into the Trust Account to extend the period of time the Company has to consummate an initial business combination to September 13, 2024. If an initial business combination is not consummated by this date, absent any further extensions, there will be a mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution of the Company. Management has determined that the mandatory liquidation, should an initial business combination not occur, and potential subsequent dissolution, raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months from the issuance of this filing. No adjustments have been made to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities should the Company be required to liquidate after October 13, 2024 or earlier if the period of time the Company has to consummate an initial business combination is not extended on a monthly basis. The Company intends to complete the proposed Business Combination before the mandatory liquidation date. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to consummate any business combination by the Extended Date.

The Company's evaluation of its working capital, along with, the liquidity condition and date for mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern one year from the date that these unaudited condensed financial statements are issued. These unaudited condensed financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for condensed interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X of the SEC. Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of a normal recurring nature, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s Annual Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on April 4, 2024. The financial information as of December 31, 2023 is derived from the audited financial statements presented in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The interim results for the six months ended June 30, 2024, are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ending December 31, 2024 or for any future periods.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an “emerging growth company,” as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the “JOBS Act”), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company’s financial statements with another public company, which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company had cash of \$205,454 and \$116,234 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and no cash equivalents as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Assets Held in Trust Account

At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, all of the assets held in the Trust Account were invested in interest-bearing demand deposit accounts and cash accounts, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company complies with the accounting and reporting requirements of Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 740 (“ASC 740”), “Income Taxes,” which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits, if any, as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of June 30, 2024. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position.

There is currently no taxation imposed on income by the government of the Cayman Islands. In accordance with Cayman federal income tax regulations, income taxes are not levied on the Company. Consequently, income taxes are not reflected in the Company’s financial statements. The Company’s management does not expect that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will materially change over the next twelve months.

Shares Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company accounts for its shares subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in ASC 480 (“ASC 480”), “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity.” Shares subject to mandatory redemption (if any) are classified as a liability instrument and measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable ordinary shares (including ordinary shares that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company’s control) are classified as temporary equity. At all other times, shares are classified as shareholders’ equity. The Company’s shares feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company’s control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, shares subject to possible redemption are presented as temporary equity, outside of the shareholders’ deficit section of the Company’s balance sheet.

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption reflected on the balance sheets are reconciled in the following table:

Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption, December 31, 2022	235,578,275
Redemption	(145,222,585)
Shareholder redemption payable	(249,339)
Accretion of carrying value to redemption value	9,948,542
Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption, December 31, 2023	\$ 100,054,892
Accretion of carrying value to redemption value	1,537,840
Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption, June 30, 2024	\$ 101,592,732

Public Offering Costs

Offering costs consisted of legal, accounting, and other expenses incurred through the balance sheet date that were directly related to the Initial Public Offering. The Company complies with the requirements of the ASC 340-10-S99-1 and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin (“SAB”) Topic 5A— “Expenses of Offering.” Offering costs consist principally of professional and registration fees incurred through the balance sheet date that are related to the Initial Public Offering. Offering costs are charged to shareholders’ equity or the statement of operations based on the relative value of the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants to the proceeds received from the Units sold upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering. Accordingly, on December 31, 2021, offering costs totaling \$13,157,186 (consisting of \$2,446,000 of underwriting fee, \$9,780,500 of deferred underwriting fee and \$930,686 of other offering costs) were recognized with \$781,595 included in the statements of operations as an allocation for the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants. No offering costs were incurred for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Warrant Liabilities

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant’s specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in ASC 480, “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity,” and ASC 815 (“ASC 815”), “Derivatives and Hedging.” The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company’s own ordinary shares, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding.

For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance. For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model (see Note 10).

Net Income Per Ordinary Share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of ASC 260, “Earnings Per Share.” The Company has two classes of shares, which are referred to as Class A ordinary shares and Class B ordinary shares. Income is shared pro rata between the two classes of ordinary shares. Net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period. Accretion associated with the redeemable Class A ordinary shares is excluded from earnings per share as the redemption value approximates fair value. The calculation of diluted income per ordinary share does not consider the effect of the Warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering, as well as warrants potentially issuable upon conversion of the Note, since the exercise of such warrants are contingent upon the occurrence of future events and the inclusion of such warrants would be anti-dilutive.

A reconciliation of net (loss)/income per ordinary share is as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2023		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B
Basic and diluted net income/(loss) per ordinary share								
Numerator:								
Allocation of net income/(loss), as adjusted	\$ (1,584,646)	\$ (975,724)	\$ (2,917,669)	\$ (1,796,513)	\$ 1,703,734	\$ 425,933	\$ 3,986,709	\$ 996,677
Denominator:								
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding	9,338,422	5,750,000	9,338,422	5,750,000	23,000,000	5,750,000	23,000,000	5,750,000
Basic and diluted net income/(loss) per ordinary share	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.31)	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution which, at times may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation coverage limit of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced losses on this account and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such account.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheets, primarily due to their short-term nature.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company evaluates its financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives in accordance with ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value on the grant date and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the condensed statements of operations. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement or conversion of the instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

The Company will account for the conversion features in the Note under ASC 815. However, if a conversion feature meets the criteria of the scope exception, then it will not be bifurcated.

Recent Accounting Standards

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06 ("ASU 2020-06"), Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40) to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-converted method for all convertible instruments. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2024. The adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact to the Company's financial statements.

Management does not believe there are any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements, if currently adopted, that would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Note 3 – Initial Public Offering

Pursuant to the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, the Company sold 23,000,000 Units, including 3,000,000 Units as a result of the underwriter’s exercise of their over-allotment option in full, at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one Class A ordinary share, and one-half of one Public Warrant. Each Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one Class A ordinary share at an exercise price of \$11.50 per whole share (see Note 7).

Note 4 – Private Placement

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Sponsor purchased an aggregate of 7,146,000 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, for an aggregate purchase price of \$7,146,000, in a private placement. Each Private Placement Warrant is identical to the Public Warrants, except there will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions from the trust account with respect to Private Placement Warrants, which will expire worthless if the Company does not consummate an initial business combination by the Extended Date.

Note 5 – Related Party Transactions

Founder Shares

On February 2, 2021, in consideration for the payment of certain of the Company’s offering costs, the Company applied \$25,000 of outstanding advances from the Sponsor towards the issuance of 7,187,000 Class B ordinary shares. On August 20, 2021, and September 9, 2021, the Sponsor effected a surrender of 1,287,000 Class B ordinary shares and 150,000 Class B ordinary shares, respectively, to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease in the total number of Class B ordinary shares outstanding from 7,187,000 to 5,750,000. All shares and associated amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share surrender. The initial shareholders agreed to forfeit up to 750,000 Founder Shares to the extent the over-allotment was not exercised in full by the underwriter. In May 2021, the Sponsor transferred 30,000 Founder Shares to each of the Company’s independent directors at the same price originally paid for such shares. On October 13, 2021, the underwriter exercised the full over-allotment option.

The Sponsor has agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of its Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of an initial business combination or (B) the date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or similar transaction that results in the Company’s shareholders having the right to exchange their ordinary shares for cash, securities or other property. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the last sale price of the Class A ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after an initial business combination, the Founder Shares will be released from the lock-up.

Related Party Loans

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with an initial business combination, the Sponsor, an affiliate of the Sponsor, or the Company’s officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required (the “Working Capital Loans”). Such Working Capital Loans would be evidenced by promissory notes. The notes would either be repaid upon consummation of an initial business combination, without interest, or, at the lender’s discretion, up to \$1,500,000 of notes may be converted upon consummation of an initial business combination into warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants will be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. In the event that a business combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans.

On May 3, 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note with the Sponsor pursuant to which the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company up to an aggregate amount of \$1,050,000 which the Company drew down in full on May 5, 2022. This note is non-interest bearing and is due on the earlier of the day by which the Company must complete an initial business combination, and the effective date of such business combination. On December 29, 2023, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the First Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$2,487,000. On March 19, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the Second Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,050,000. On June 28, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the Third Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,800,000, which was fully drawn as of such date. The outstanding balance under this loan amounted to \$3,800,000 as of June 30, 2024 and \$2,439,000 as of December 31, 2023. Management determined that there was an embedded conversion feature related to the Note that would require bifurcation and be classified as a liability. However, based on a third-party valuation, the amount was determined to be *de minimis*.

Note 6 – Commitments and Contingencies

Registration and Shareholders Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and any warrants that may be issued upon conversion of the Working Capital Loans (and in each case holders of their component securities, as applicable) will be entitled to registration rights pursuant to a registration rights agreement signed simultaneously with the offering (October 13, 2021), requiring the Company to register such securities for resale (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion to the Class A ordinary shares). The holders of the majority of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain “piggy-back” registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of an initial business combination and rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The underwriter was entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$7,780,500 in the aggregate, and a discretionary deferred fee of \$2,000,000. The deferred fee would have become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completed an initial business combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement. Even though the services the underwriter owed the Company for such deferred compensation had already been provided in full in connection with the Initial Public Offering, on September 1, 2023, the underwriter gratuitously waived its entitlement to the deferred compensation. The underwriter was not provided, and will not be provided, any consideration in exchange for its waiver of their entitlement to the payment of the deferred compensation.

Note 7 – Warrant Liabilities

The Company accounted for the 18,646,000 Warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering in accordance with the guidance contained in ASC 815-40. Such guidance provides that, because the Warrants do not meet the criteria for equity treatment thereunder, each Warrant must be recorded as a liability. Accordingly, the Company has classified each Warrant as a liability at its fair value. This liability is subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date. With each such re-measurement, the warrant liabilities will be adjusted to fair value, with the change in fair value recognized in the Company’s statement of operations. The Warrants are also subject to re-evaluation of the proper classification and accounting treatment at each reporting period. If the classification changes as a result of events during the period, the Warrants will be reclassified as of the date of the event that causes the reclassification.

The Company offered warrants in connection with its sale of Units. Each whole warrant that is part of the Units sold in the Offering is exercisable to purchase one Class A ordinary share, subject to adjustment as provided in the Initial Public Offering prospectus, and only whole warrants are exercisable. No fractional warrants will be issued upon separation of the Units and only whole warrants will trade. If, upon separation of the Units, a holder of warrants would be entitled to receive a fractional warrant, the Company will round down to the nearest whole number of warrants to be issued to such holder.

The Company will not be obligated to deliver any Class A ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of a Public Warrant and will have no obligation to settle such Public Warrant exercise unless a registration statement under the Securities Act covering the issuance of the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants is then effective and a prospectus relating thereto is current, subject to the Company satisfying its obligations with respect to registration. No Public Warrant will be exercisable for cash or on a cashless basis, and the Company will not be obligated to issue any shares to holders seeking to exercise their Public Warrants, unless the issuance of the shares upon such exercise is registered or qualified under the securities laws of the state of the exercising holder, or an exemption from registration is available.

The Company has agreed that as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 15 business days, after the closing of an initial business combination, it will use its best efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement registering the issuance, under the Securities Act, of the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants. The Company will use its best efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement covering the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants, to cause such registration statement to become effective and to maintain a current prospectus relating to those Class A ordinary shares until the warrants expire or are redeemed, as specified in the warrant agreement. If a registration statement covering the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants is not effective by the 60th business day after the closing of an initial business combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company will have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act or another exemption.

Redemption of warrants when the price per Class A ordinary share equals or exceeds \$18.00. Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per Public Warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder; and
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the Class A ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending three business days before the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.

Redemption of warrants when the price per Class A ordinary share equals or exceeds \$10.00. Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at \$0.10 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption provided that holders will be able to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis prior to redemption and receive that number of shares determined by reference to an agreed table based on the redemption date and the "fair market value" of Class A ordinary shares;
- if and only if, the closing price of Class A ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$10.00 per public share (as adjusted) for any 20 trading days within the 30-trading day period ending three trading days before the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders; and
- if the closing price of the Class A ordinary shares for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders is less than \$18.00 per share (as adjusted), the Private Placement Warrants must also be concurrently called for redemption on the same terms as the outstanding Public Warrants, as described above.

If and when the Public Warrants become redeemable by the Company, the Company may not exercise its redemption right if the issuance of ordinary shares upon exercise of the warrants is not exempt from registration or qualification under applicable state blue sky laws or the Company is unable to effect such registration or qualification.

The exercise price and number of Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a share dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the Public Warrants. If the Company is unable to complete an initial business combination by the Extended Date and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless. If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement. The exercise price and number of ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. If the Company is unable to complete an initial business combination by the Extended Date and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless.

In addition, if (x) the Company issues additional Class A ordinary shares or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of its initial business combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per Class A ordinary share (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors and, in the case of any such issuance to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance) (the "Newly Issued Price"), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of the Company's initial business combination on the date of the consummation of such initial business combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's ordinary shares during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company consummates its initial business combination (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price and the \$18.00 per share redemption trigger price described above will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 180% of the greater of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price.

The Private Placement Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants included in the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except that the Private Placement Warrants will and the ordinary shares issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of an initial business combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Placement Warrants will be exercisable on a cashless basis and will be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Placement Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Placement Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants.

At June 30, 2024, there were 11,500,000 Public Warrants and 7,146,000 Private Placement Warrants outstanding with a fair value of \$1,725,000 and \$1,071,900, respectively. At December 31, 2023, there were 11,500,000 Public Warrants and 7,146,000 Private Placement Warrants outstanding with a fair value of \$230,000 and \$142,920, respectively.

The Company accounts for the 11,500,000 Public Warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering and the 7,146,000 Private Placement Warrants in accordance with the guidance contained in ASC 815-40. Such guidance provides that because the Warrants do not meet the criteria for equity treatment thereunder, each warrant must be recorded as a derivative liability. The warrant agreement contains an Alternative Issuance provision that if less than 70% of the consideration receivable by the holders of the Class A ordinary shares in an initial business combination is payable in the form of ordinary equity in the successor entity, and if the holders of the warrants properly exercises the warrants within thirty days following the public disclosure of the consummation of such business combination by the Company, the warrant price shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference (but in no event less than zero) of (i) the warrant price in effect prior to such reduction minus (ii) (A) the Per Share Consideration (as defined below) minus (B) the Black-Scholes Warrant Value (as defined below). The “Black-Scholes Warrant Value” means the value of a Warrant immediately prior to the consummation of such business combination based on the Black-Scholes Warrant Model for a Capped American Call on Bloomberg Financial Markets. “Per Share Consideration” means (i) if the consideration paid to holders of the ordinary share consists exclusively of cash, the amount of such cash per ordinary share, and (ii) in all other cases, the volume weighted average price of the ordinary share as reported during the ten-trading day period ending on the trading day prior to the effective date of such business combination.

The Company believes that the adjustments to the exercise price of the warrants is based on a variable that is not an input to the fair value of a “fixed-for-fixed” option as defined under ASC 815-40 and, thus, the warrants are not eligible for an exception from derivative accounting. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company record a derivative liability upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering. Accordingly, the Company will classify each warrant as a liability at its fair value and the warrants will be allocated a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the Units equal to its fair value determined by the Monte Carlo simulation. This liability is subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date. With each such remeasurement, the warrant liabilities will be adjusted to fair value, with the change in fair value recognized in the Company’s statements of operations. The Company will reassess the classification at each balance sheet date. If the classification changes as a result of events during the period, the warrants will be reclassified as of the date of the event that causes the reclassification.

Note 8 – Class A Ordinary Shares Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company’s Class A ordinary shares feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company’s control and subject to the occurrence of future events. The Company is authorized to issue 200,000,000 Class A ordinary shares with a par value \$0.0001 per share. Holders of the Company’s Class A ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share.

On October 11, 2023, the Public Shareholders of the Company held the Meeting to approve the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Founder Share Amendment Proposal, and the Redemption Limitation Proposal. At the Meeting, the Public Shareholders approved each of the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Founder Share Amendment Proposal, and the Redemption Limitation Proposal. In connection with the Meeting, shareholders holding 13,661,579 Class A ordinary shares (after giving effect to withdrawals of redemptions) exercised their right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the funds in the Company’s Trust Account. As a result, approximately \$145.2 million (approximately \$10.63 per share) was removed from the Trust Account to pay such holders. Following these redemptions, the Company had 9,338,421 Class A ordinary shares outstanding.

Following the redemptions, the Company recorded shareholder redemption payable for additional interest earned by redeeming holders of Class A ordinary shares that exercised their redemption rights in the amount of \$249,339, which equates to approximately \$0.018 per Class A ordinary share. During the three months ended June 30, 2024, the Company remitted the additional interest to such redeeming holders of Class A ordinary shares.

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were 9,338,421 Class A ordinary shares outstanding which were subject to possible redemption and are classified outside of permanent equity in the balance sheets.

Note 9 – Shareholders’ Deficit

Preference Shares — The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 preference shares with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were no preference shares issued or outstanding, respectively.

Class A Ordinary Shares — The Company is authorized to issue 200,000,000 Class A ordinary shares, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Holders of Class A ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share. At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were zero Class A ordinary shares issued or outstanding (excluding the 9,338,421 Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption).

Class B Ordinary Shares — The Company is authorized to issue 20,000,000 Class B ordinary shares, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Holders of the Class B ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share. At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were 5,750,000 Class B ordinary shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

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The Class B ordinary shares will automatically convert into Class A ordinary shares at the time of an initial business combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like. In the case that additional Class A ordinary shares, or equity linked securities, are issued or deemed issued in excess of the amounts offered in the Initial Public Offering and related to the closing of such business combination, the ratio at which Class B ordinary shares shall convert into Class A ordinary shares will be adjusted (unless the holders of a majority of the outstanding Class B ordinary shares agree to waive such adjustment with respect to any such issuance or deemed issuance) so that the number of Class A ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of all Class B ordinary shares will equal, in the aggregate, on an as converted basis, 20% of the sum of the total number of all ordinary shares outstanding upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering plus all Class A ordinary shares and equity linked securities issued or deemed issued in connection with such business combination (excluding any shares or equity linked securities issued, or to be issued, to any seller in the business combination, and any private placement-equivalent warrants issued to the Sponsor or its affiliates upon conversion of loans made to the Company). Holders of Founder Shares may also elect to convert their Class B ordinary shares into an equal number of Class A ordinary shares, subject to adjustment as provided above, at any time.

The Company may issue additional ordinary shares or preference shares to complete its initial business combination or under an employee incentive plan after completion of its initial business combination.

Note 10 – Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for sale of an asset or paid for transfer of a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

In some circumstances, the inputs used to measure fair value might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2024, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:				
Assets Held in Trust	\$ 101,592,732	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,592,732
Liabilities:				
Warrant Liabilities:				
Public Warrants	\$ 1,725,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,725,000
Private Placement Warrants	-	-	1,071,900	1,071,900
Total Warrant Liabilities	\$ 1,725,000	\$ -	\$ 1,071,900	\$ 2,796,900

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2023, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:				
Assets Held in Trust	\$ 100,304,232	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,304,232
Liabilities:				
Warrant Liabilities:				
Public Warrants	\$ 230,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 230,000
Private Placement Warrants	-	-	142,920	142,920
Total Warrant Liabilities	\$ 230,000	\$ -	\$ 142,920	\$ 372,920

The Warrants are accounted for as liabilities in accordance with ASC 815-40 and are presented within warrant liabilities on the balance sheets. The warrant liabilities are measured at fair value at inception and on a recurring basis, with changes in fair value presented within change in fair value of warrant liabilities in the statements of operations.

Initial Measurement

The Company established the initial fair value for the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants on October 13, 2021, the date of the Company's Initial Public Offering, using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The Company allocated the proceeds received from (i) the sale of Units (which is inclusive of one Class A ordinary share and one-fifth of one Public Warrant), and (ii) the sale of Private Placement Warrants, first to the Warrants based on their fair values as determined at initial measurement, with the remaining proceeds allocated to Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption based on their relative fair values at the initial measurement date. The Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants were classified as Level 3 at the initial measurement date due to the use of unobservable inputs. For periods subsequent to the detachment of the Public Warrants from the Units, which occurred on November 29, 2021, the Public Warrants were valued using the instrument's publicly listed trading price on the NYSE as of the balance sheet date, which is considered to be a Level 1 measurement due to the use of an observable market quote in an active market.

The key inputs into the Monte Carlo simulation model for the Private Placement Warrants were as follows on June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

Input	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Share Price	\$ 10.90	\$ 10.84
Exercise Price	\$ 11.50	\$ 11.50
Risk-free rate of interest	4.24%	3.78%
Volatility	3.5%	2.0%
Term	5.13	5.79
Fair Value of Warrants	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.02

The Warrants were valued using a Monte Carlo Simulation Model, which is considered to be a Level 3 fair value measurement. The Modified Black Scholes model's primary unobservable input utilized in determining the fair value of the Warrants is the expected volatility as of the closing of the Initial Public Offering, which was derived from observable warrant pricing on comparable 'blank-check' companies without an identified target. The expected volatility as of subsequent valuation dates was implied from the Company's own Public Warrant pricing.

The following table presents the changes in the fair value of Level 3 warrant liabilities:

	Private Warrants
Fair value as of December 31, 2023	\$ 142,920
Change in fair value(1)	\$ 214,380
Fair value as of March 31, 2024	\$ 357,300
Change in fair value	\$ 714,600
Fair value as of June 30, 2024	\$ 1,071,900

(1) Changes in valuation inputs or other assumptions are recognized in change in fair value of warrant liabilities in the statement of operations.

Conversion Option Liability

The liability for the conversion option was valued using a Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, which is considered to be a Level 3 fair value measurement. The Black Scholes model's primary unobservable input utilized in determining the fair value of the conversion option is the expected volatility of the ordinary shares. During the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no changes in the fair value of the conversion option liability. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of the conversion feature was de minimis.

Note 11 – Subsequent Events

Management of the Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date that the unaudited condensed financial statements were issued and has determined that there were no significant unrecognized events through that date other those noted below.

On July 11, 2024, the Company announced that \$150,000 was deposited into the Trust Account to extend the period of time the Company has to consummate an initial business combination to August 13, 2024.

On August 12, 2024, the Company announced that \$150,000 was deposited into the Trust Account to extend the period of time the Company has to consummate an initial business combination to September 13, 2024.

On August 13, 2024, the Company, acting pursuant to authorization from its Board, notified the NYSE of its intention to voluntarily withdraw the listing of its Class A ordinary shares, Public Warrants and Units from the NYSE and transfer the listing of its Class A ordinary shares to the Nasdaq Global Market ("Nasdaq"). The Company expects that listing and trading of its securities on the NYSE will end at market close on August 23, 2024, and that trading of the Class A ordinary shares will begin on Nasdaq at market open on August 26, 2024, with the Units and Public Warrants commencing trading in the over-the-counter market on the same date.

ITEM 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References in this report (the “Quarterly Report”) to “we,” “us” or the “Company” refer to Learn CW Investment Corporation. References to our “management” or our “management team” refer to our officers and directors, and references to the “Sponsor” refer to CWAM LC Sponsor, LLC. The following discussion and analysis of the Company’s financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report includes “forward-looking statements” that are not historical facts and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected and projected. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report including, without limitation, statements in this “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” regarding the Company’s financial position, business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as “expect,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “estimate,” “seek” and variations and similar words and expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance, but reflect management’s current beliefs, based on information currently available. A number of factors could cause actual events, performance or results to differ materially from the events, performance and results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Except as expressly required by applicable securities law, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

We are a blank check company incorporated on February 2, 2021 as a Cayman Islands exempted company for the purpose of effecting an initial business combination. We intend to effectuate our initial business combination using cash from the proceeds of our Initial Public Offering and the sale of our shares, debt or a combination of cash, equity and debt. We expect to continue to incur significant costs in the pursuit of our acquisition plans. We cannot assure you that our plans to complete an initial business combination will be successful.

Our registration statement for our Initial Public Offering was declared effective on October 13, 2021. On October 13, 2021, we consummated our Initial Public Offering of 23,000,000 units, including the issuance of 3,000,000 units as a result of the underwriter's full exercise of their over-allotment option, at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$230,000,000. Each Unit consisted of one Public Share and one-half of one redeemable Warrant. Each whole Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one Public Share for \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 7,146,000 warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant in a private placement to the Sponsor generating gross proceeds of \$7,146,000.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, \$232,300,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants was placed in the Trust Account, located in the United States at a nationally recognized financial institution, with U.S. Bank National Association acting as trustee, and initially invested only in United States "government securities" within the meaning of Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act having a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. In October 2023, the trustee liquidated such investments and the assets in the Trust Account were held in cash accounts. In May 2024, the assets in the Trust Account were moved to an interest-bearing demand deposit account.

The Trust Account is intended as a holding place for funds pending the earliest to occur of either: (i) the completion of an initial business combination; (ii) the redemption of any public shares properly tendered in connection with a stockholder vote to amend our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (A) to modify the substance or timing of our obligation to provide holders of the Class A ordinary shares the right to have their shares redeemed in connection with the initial business combination or to redeem 100% of the public shares if the Company does not complete the initial business combination by the Extended Date (as defined below) or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to the rights of holders of the Class A ordinary shares; or (iii) absent the completing an initial business combination by the Extended Date, the return of the funds held in the Trust Account to the public stockholders as part of the redemption of the public shares.

On October 11, 2023, the Public Shareholders of the Company held an extraordinary general meeting and approved a proposal to amend Charter to extend to the date by which the Company must consummate an initial business combination from October 13, 2023 to October 13, 2024, by electing to extend the date to consummate an initial business combination on a monthly basis for up to twelve (12) times by an additional one month each time, unless the closing of an initial business combination has occurred, provided that the Sponsor (or its affiliates or permitted designees) will deposit into the Trust Account for each such one-month extension period the lesser of (x) \$150,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share that remains outstanding and is not redeemed prior to any such one-month extension.

If we are unable to complete our initial business combination by the Extended Date, we will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but no more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the public shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, divided by the number of then outstanding public shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public Shareholder's rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the remaining shareholders and the Company's board of directors, proceed to commence a voluntary liquidation and thereby a formal dissolution of the Company, subject in each case to its obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of applicable law.

Recent Developments

On June 28, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the Third Restated Note in the principal amount of \$3,800,000 as described more fully under "*Liquidity, Capital Resources and Going Concern.*"

On August 13, 2024, the Company, acting pursuant to authorization from its Board, notified the NYSE of its intention to voluntarily withdraw the listing of its Class A ordinary shares, Public Warrants and Units from the NYSE and transfer the listing of its Class A ordinary shares to Nasdaq. The Company expects that listing and trading of its securities on the NYSE will end at market close on August 23, 2024, and that trading of the Class A ordinary shares will begin on Nasdaq at market open on August 26, 2024, with the Units and Public Warrants commencing trading in the over-the-counter market on the same date.

Results of Operations

Our only activities from inception through June 30, 2024, were those related to our formation, the preparation for our Initial Public Offering, the search for a prospective initial business combination, execution of agreements, including without limitation the Business Combination Agreement, and related public filings. We have neither engaged in any operations nor generated any operating revenues to date. We will not generate any operating revenues until after completion of our initial business combination, at the earliest. We incurred expenses as a result of being a public company (including for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as for expenses in connection with searching for a prospective initial business combination.

For the three months ended June 30, 2024, we had a net loss of \$2,560,370, which consisted of operating expenses of \$1,333,608, a loss on the change in fair value of the warrant liability of \$1,864,600 and interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account of \$637,838.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, we had a net loss of \$4,714,182, which consisted of operating expenses of \$2,928,040, a loss on the change in fair value of warrant liabilities of \$2,423,980 and interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account of \$637,838.

For the three months ended June 30, 2023, we had a net income of \$2,129,667, which consisted of operating expenses of \$428,076, a loss on the change in fair value of the warrant liability of \$186,460, interest income related to the Trust Account of \$2,743,828 and interest income on cash accounts of \$375.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, we had a net income of \$4,983,386, which consisted of operating expenses of \$781,121, a gain on the change in fair value of the warrant liability of \$559,380, interest income related to the Trust Account of \$5,204,752 and interest income on cash accounts of \$375.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Going Concern

On October 13, 2021, the Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 20,000,000 units, generating gross proceeds of \$200,000,00. Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated a private placement of 7,146,000 Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to its Sponsor, generating gross proceeds of \$7,146,000. Simultaneously, the underwriter exercised the over-allotment option and purchased an additional 3,000,000 Over-Allotment Units, generating an aggregate of gross proceeds of \$30,000,000.

Following the consummation of the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, an amount of \$232,300,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering was placed in the Trust Account. Transaction costs amounted to \$13,157,186 consisting of \$2,446,000 of underwriting fees, \$9,780,500 of deferred underwriting fees and \$930,686 of other costs.

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had \$101,592,732 and \$100,304,232 cash held in the Trust Account, respectively. We intend to use substantially all of the funds held the Trust Account. To the extent that our shares or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete an initial business combination, the remaining proceeds held in the Trust Account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the post-business combination entity, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had cash of \$205,454 and \$116,234 held outside of the Trust Account, respectively. We intend to use the funds held outside of the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, properties, or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representative or owners, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, and structure, negotiate and complete an initial business combination.

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with an initial business combination, our Sponsor or an affiliate of our Sponsor, or our officers and directors may provide us Working Capital Loans. On May 3, 2022, the Sponsor confirmed to the Company that it will provide any such Working Capital Loans for at least the next twelve months. On May 3, 2022, the Company entered into an initial promissory note (the "Initial Note") in the principal amount of \$1,050,000 in favor of the Sponsor. On May 5, 2022, the Company drew down and received cash proceeds of \$1,050,000. On December 29, 2023, the Company and the Sponsor amended and restated the Initial Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$2,487,000. On March 19, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor further amended and restated the First Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,050,000. On June 28, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the Third Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,800,000, which was fully drawn as of such date. The Third Restated Note amends, restates, replaces and supersedes the Initial Note, the First Restated Note and the Second Restated Note. The Third Restated Note may be drawn down by the Company from time to time prior to the earlier of (i) October 13, 2024 and (ii) the date on which the Company consummates an initial business combination. Upon the consummation of an initial business combination, the Sponsor will have the option to convert up to \$1,500,000 of the principal balance of the Third Restated Note into private placement warrants of the Company at a price of \$1.00 per private placement warrant. The Third Restated Note does not bear interest. Any unpaid balance owed under the Third Restated Note may be accelerated upon the occurrence of an Event of Default (as defined in the Third Restated Note). In the event the Company does not consummate an initial business combination, the Third Restated Note will be repaid only to the extent that the Company has funds available to it outside of the Trust Account. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has drawn \$3,800,000 and \$2,439,000 on this loan arrangement, respectively.

In connection with the Company's assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with the authoritative guidance in Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15, "Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern." The Company has until the Extended Date, to consummate an initial business combination.

On August 12, 2024, we extended the period of time to consummate an initial business combination by one month, from August 13, 2024 to September 13, 2024. In connection with such extension, an aggregate of \$150,000 was deposited in the Trust Account. It is uncertain that the Company will be able to consummate an initial business combination by the specified period. If an initial business combination is not consummated by September 13, 2024 and the Company decides not to extend the period of time to consummate an initial business combination, there will be a mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution.

The Company's evaluation of its working capital, along with, the liquidity condition and date for mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern one year from the date that these unaudited condensed financial statements are issued. These unaudited condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Related Party Transactions

Founder Shares

On February 2, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate of 7,187,000 Class B ordinary shares (the “Founder Shares”) to the Sponsor for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000. On August 20, 2021, and September 9, 2021, the Sponsor effected a surrender of 1,287,000 Class B ordinary shares and 150,000 Class B ordinary shares, respectively, to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease in the total number of Class B ordinary shares outstanding from 7,187,000 to 5,750,000. The Founder Shares included an aggregate of up to 750,000 shares subject to forfeiture by the Sponsor to the extent that the underwriter’s over-allotment is not exercised in full or in part. The underwriter’s over-allotment option was exercised in full on October 13, 2021, and these shares are no longer subject to forfeiture.

The sponsor has agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of its Founder Shares until two years after the completion of an initial business combination.

Related Party Loans

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with an initial business combination, the sponsor, an affiliate of the sponsor, or the Company’s officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company Working Capital Loans. Such Working Capital Loans would be evidenced by promissory notes. The notes would either be repaid upon consummation of an initial business combination, without interest, or, at the lender’s discretion, up to \$1,500,000 of notes may be converted upon consummation of such business combination into warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants will be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. In the event that the business combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans.

On May 3, 2022, the Company entered into the Initial Note in the principal amount of \$1,050,000 in favor of the Sponsor. On December 29, 2023, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the First Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$2,487,000. On March 19, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the Second Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,050,000. On June 28, 2024, the Company and the Sponsor entered into the Third Restated Note, agreeing to amend the principal amount of the loan of up to \$3,800,000, which was fully drawn as of such date. The Third Restated Note amends, restates, replaces and supersedes the Initial Note, the First Restated Note and the Second Restated Note. The Third Restated Note may be drawn down by the Company from time to time prior to the earlier of (i) October 13, 2024 and (ii) the date on which the Company consummates an initial business combination. Upon the consummation of an initial business combination, the Sponsor will have the option to convert up to \$1,500,000 of the principal balance of the Third Restated Note into private placement warrants of the Company at a price of \$1.00 per private placement warrant. The Third Restated Note does not bear interest. Any unpaid balance owed under the Third Restated Note may be accelerated upon the occurrence of an Event of Default. In the event the Company does not consummate an initial business combination, the Third Restated Note will be repaid only to the extent that the Company has funds available to it outside of the Trust Account. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company has drawn \$3,800,000 and \$2,439,000 on this loan arrangement, respectively.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements; Commitments and Contractual Obligations

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K and did not have any commitments or contractual obligations other than obligations disclosed herein.

Contractual Obligations

Registration and Shareholders Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and any warrants that may be issued upon conversion of the Working Capital Loans (and in each case holders of their component securities, as applicable) will be entitled to registration rights pursuant to a registration rights agreement signed simultaneously with the Initial Public Offering, requiring the Company to register such securities for resale (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion to our Class A ordinary shares). The holders of the majority of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain “piggy-back” registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of an initial business combination and rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The underwriter is entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$7,780,500 in the aggregate, and a discretionary deferred fee of \$2,000,000. The deferred discount would have become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completed an initial business combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement. Even though the services the underwriter owed the Company for such deferred compensation had already been provided in full in connection with the Initial Public Offering, on September 1, 2023, the underwriter gratuitously waived its entitlement to the deferred compensation. The underwriter was not provided, and will not be provided, any consideration in exchange for its waiver of their entitlement to the payment of the deferred compensation.

Sponsors Investors Investment

Our Sponsor purchased \$7,700,000 of Units (or 770,000 Units), in the Initial Public Offering. The underwriter has not received any underwritten discount for any unit purchased by the Sponsor.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of condensed financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant’s specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in ASC 480, “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity,” and ASC 815, “Derivatives and Hedging.” The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company’s own ordinary shares, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding. For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance.

For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The more significant estimates made by management in these fair value determinations are around the inputs used in the fair value model, with volatility being the most judgmental of those inputs. A 1% increase in volatility input would increase the Company's warrant liabilities by approximately \$1,700,000.

Recent Accounting Standards

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40) to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-converted method for all convertible instruments. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2024. The adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact to the Company's financial statements.

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on our unaudited condensed financial statements.

JOBS Act

On April 5, 2012, the JOBS Act was signed into law. The JOBS Act contains provisions that, among other things, relax certain reporting requirements for qualifying public companies. Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such an election to opt out is irrevocable. We have elected to irrevocably opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, we will adopt the new or revised standard at the time public companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of our financial statements with another emerging growth company that has not opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accountant standards used.

Additionally, we are in the process of evaluating the benefits of relying on the other reduced reporting requirements provided by the JOBS Act. Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, if, as an "emerging growth company", we choose to rely on such exemptions we may not be required to, among other things, (i) provide an auditor's attestation report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404, (ii) provide all of the compensation disclosure that may be required of non-emerging growth public companies under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, (iii) comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the PCAOB regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (auditor discussion and analysis), and (iv) disclose certain executive compensation related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the CEO's compensation to median employee compensation. These exemptions will apply for a period of five years following the completion of our Initial Public Offering or until we are no longer an "emerging growth company," whichever is earlier.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information otherwise required under this item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As required by Rules 13a-15f and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2024. Based upon their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e) under the Exchange Act) were not effective, due solely to material weaknesses in our internal controls with respect to the completeness and accuracy of account reconciliations as well as the accounting for complex financial instruments. As a result, we performed additional analysis as deemed necessary to ensure that our financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, management believes that the financial statements included in this Report present fairly in all material respects our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all instances of fraud. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Further, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all disclosure controls and procedures, no evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures can provide absolute assurance that we have detected all our control deficiencies and instances of fraud, if any. The design of disclosure controls and procedures also is based partly on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

None.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this report include the risk factors described in our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-254820) filed in connection with the Initial Public Offering. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. We may disclose changes to such factors or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS FROM REGISTERED SECURITIES.

On October 13, 2021, we consummated our Initial Public Offering of 23,000,000 shares, which included the full exercise by the underwriter of the over-allotment option to purchase an additional 3,000,000 shares, at \$10.00 per share, generating gross proceeds of \$230,000,000.

Simultaneously with the consummation of the Initial Public Offering, the Sponsor purchased an aggregate of 7,146,000 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, for an aggregate purchase price of \$7,146,000.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1*	Third Amended and Restated Promissory Note, by and between the Company and the Sponsor
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

* Schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. Learn SPAC Holdco, Inc. agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted schedule to the SEC upon request.

** This certification is furnished to the SEC pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Learn CW Investment Corporation

Date: August 19, 2024

By: /s/ Robert Hutter
Robert Hutter
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting Officer)

Learn CW Investment Corporation

Date: August 19, 2024

By: /s/ Adam Fisher
Adam Fisher
President

THIS PROMISSORY NOTE (“NOTE”) HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”). THIS NOTE HAS BEEN ACQUIRED FOR INVESTMENT ONLY AND MAY NOT BE SOLD, TRANSFERRED OR ASSIGNED IN THE ABSENCE OF REGISTRATION OF THE RESALE THEREOF UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL REASONABLY SATISFACTORY IN FORM, SCOPE AND SUBSTANCE TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED.

THIRD AMENDED AND RESTATED PROMISSORY NOTE

Principal Amount: up to U.S.\$3,800,000
(as set forth on the Schedule of Borrowings attached hereto)

Dated as of June 28, 2024

Learn CW Investment Corporation, a Cayman Islands exempted company and blank check company (the “Maker”), promises to pay to the order of CWAM LC Sponsor LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, or its registered assigns or successors in interest (the “Payee”), or order, the principal sum of up to Three Million Fifty Thousand U.S. Dollars (U.S.\$3,800,000) (effective as of the most recent date set forth on the Schedule of Borrowings attached hereto) in lawful money of the United States of America, on the terms and conditions described below. All payments on this Note shall be made by check or wire transfer of immediately available funds or as otherwise determined by the Maker to such account as the Payee may from time to time designate by written notice in accordance with the provisions of this Note.

This Note amends, restates, replaces and supersedes that certain Second Amended and Restated Promissory Note, dated as of March 19, 2024 (the “Existing Note”), executed by Maker in favor of Payee. From and after the execution and delivery of this Note, (i) the indebtedness heretofore evidenced by the Existing Note shall instead be evidenced by this Note and (ii) the Existing Note shall thereupon be deemed cancelled.

1. **Principal.** The principal balance of this Note shall be repayable on the consummation of the Maker’s initial merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities (a “**Business Combination**”). Payee understands that if a Business Combination is not consummated, this Note will not be repaid and all amounts owed hereunder will be forgiven except to the extent that the Maker has funds available to it outside of its trust account established in connection with its initial public offering.

2. **Interest.** No interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal balance of this Note.

3. **Drawdown Requests.** The Maker and the Payee agree that the Maker may request up to Three Million Eight Hundred Thousand U.S. Dollars (U.S.\$3,800,000) for costs reasonably related to the Maker’s operating expenses, including, but not limited to, the deposit of any amount required to be funded to the Trust Account (as defined below) or expenses incurred in connection with the preparation, negotiation and consummation of a Business Combination. The principal of this Note may be drawn down from time to time prior to the earlier of: (i) October 13, 2024; and (ii) the date on which the Maker consummates a Business Combination, upon written request from the Maker to the Payee (each, a “**Drawdown Request**”). Each Drawdown Request must state the amount to be drawn down, and must not be an amount less than One Thousand U.S. Dollars (U.S.\$1,000) unless agreed upon by the Maker and the Payee. The Payee shall fund each Drawdown Request no later than one business day after receipt of a Drawdown Request or as otherwise agreed between Maker and Payee; provided, however, that the maximum amount of drawdowns collectively under this Note is Three Million Eight Hundred Thousand U.S. Dollars (U.S.\$3,800,000). No fees, payments or other amounts shall be due to the Payee in connection with, or as a result of, any Drawdown Request by the Maker. As of the date of this Note, the aggregate principal amount drawn under this Note is \$3,800,000.

4. **Application of Payments.** All payments shall be applied first to payment in full of any costs incurred in the collection of any sum due under this Note, including (without limitation) reasonable attorneys’ fees, then to the payment in full of any late charges and finally to the reduction of the unpaid principal balance of this Note.

5. **Events of Default.** The following shall constitute an event of default (“**Event of Default**”):

(a) **Failure to Make Required Payments.** Failure by the Maker to pay the principal amount due pursuant to this Note within five (5) business days of the date specified in Section 1 above.

(b) Voluntary Bankruptcy, Etc. The commencement by the Maker of a voluntary case under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, rehabilitation or other similar law, or the consent by it to the appointment of or taking possession by a receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, custodian, sequestrator (or other similar official) of the Maker or for any substantial part of its property, or the making by it of any assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the failure of the Maker generally to pay its debts as such debts become due, or the taking of corporate action by the Maker in furtherance of any of the foregoing.

(c) Involuntary Bankruptcy, Etc. The entry of a decree or order for relief by a court having jurisdiction in the premises in respect of the Maker in an involuntary case under any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency or other similar law, or appointing a receiver, liquidator, assignee, custodian, trustee, sequestrator (or similar official) of the Maker or for any substantial part of its property, or ordering the winding-up or liquidation of its affairs, and the continuance of any such decree or order unstayed and in effect for a period of 60 consecutive days.

6. **Remedies.**

(a) Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default specified in Section 5(a) hereof, the Payee may, by written notice to the Maker, declare this Note to be due immediately and payable, whereupon the unpaid principal amount of this Note, and all other amounts payable thereunder, shall become immediately due and payable without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived, anything contained herein or in the documents evidencing the same to the contrary notwithstanding.

(b) Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default specified in Sections 5(b) or 5(c) hereof, the unpaid principal balance of this Note, and all other sums payable with regard to this Note, shall automatically and immediately become due and payable, in all cases without any action on the part of the Payee.

7. **Conversion.** Upon consummation of a Business Combination, the Payee shall have the option, but not the obligation, to convert up to \$1,500,000 of the principal balance of this Note, in whole or in part at the option of the Payee, into Private Placement Warrants (as defined in that certain Warrant Agreement, dated October 12, 2021, by and between the Maker and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, as transfer agent), at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant. As promptly after notice by Payee to Maker to convert up to \$1,500,000 of the principal balance of this Note, which must be made at least 24 hours prior to the consummation of the Business Combination, as reasonably practicable, Maker shall have issued and delivered to Payee, without any charge to Payee, a warrant certificate or certificates (issued in the name(s) requested by Payee), or made appropriate book-entry notation on the books and records of the Maker, for the number of Private Placement Warrants of Maker issuable upon conversion of the relevant portion of the principal balance of this Note.

8. **Waivers.** The Maker and all endorsers and guarantors of, and sureties for, this Note waive presentment for payment, demand, notice of dishonor, protest, and notice of protest with regard to the Note, all errors, defects and imperfections in any proceedings instituted by the Payee under the terms of this Note, and all benefits that might accrue to the Maker by virtue of any present or future laws exempting any property, real or personal, or any part of the proceeds arising from any sale of any such property, from attachment, levy or sale under execution, or providing for any stay of execution, exemption from civil process, or extension of time for payment; and the Maker agrees that any real estate that may be levied upon pursuant to a judgment obtained by virtue hereof, or any writ of execution issued hereon, may be sold upon any such writ in whole or in part in any order desired by the Payee.

9. **Unconditional Liability.** The Maker hereby waives all notices in connection with the delivery, acceptance, performance, default, or enforcement of the payment of this Note, and agrees that its liability shall be unconditional, without regard to the liability of any other party, and shall not be affected in any manner by any indulgence, extension of time, renewal, waiver or modification granted or consented to by the Payee, and consents to any and all extensions of time, renewals, waivers, or modifications that may be granted by the Payee with respect to the payment or other provisions of this Note, and agrees that additional makers, endorsers, guarantors, or sureties may become parties hereto without notice to the Maker or affecting the Maker's liability hereunder.

10. **Notices.** All notices, statements or other documents which are required or contemplated by this Note shall be: (i) in writing and delivered personally or sent by first class registered or certified mail, overnight courier service or facsimile or electronic transmission to the address designated in writing, (ii) by facsimile to the number most recently provided to such party or such other address or fax number as may be designated in writing by such party or (iii) by electronic mail, to the electronic mail address most recently provided to such party or such other electronic mail address as may be designated in writing by such party. Any notice or other communication so transmitted shall be deemed to have been given on the day of delivery, if delivered personally, on the business day following receipt of written confirmation, if sent by facsimile or electronic transmission, one (1) business day after delivery to an overnight courier service or five (5) days after mailing if sent by mail.

11. **Construction.** THIS NOTE SHALL BE CONSTRUED AND ENFORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF NEW YORK.

12. **Severability.** Any provision contained in this Note which is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof, and any such prohibition or unenforceability in any jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable such provision in any other jurisdiction.

13. **Trust Waiver.** Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Payee hereby waives any and all right, title, interest or claim of any kind (“**Claim**”) in or to any distribution of or from the trust account (the “**Trust Account**”) established in which proceeds of the Maker’s initial public offering of securities (“**IPO**”) (including the deferred underwriters discounts and commissions) and proceeds of the sale of the warrants issued in a private placement which occurred in connection with the consummation of the IPO are deposited, as described in greater detail in the registration statement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the IPO, and hereby agrees not to seek recourse, reimbursement, payment or satisfaction for any Claim against the Trust Account for any reason whatsoever.

14. **Amendment; Waiver.** Any amendment hereto or waiver of any provision hereof may be made with, and only with, the written consent of the Maker and the Payee.

15. **Assignment.** No assignment or transfer of this Note or any rights or obligations hereunder may be made by any party hereto (by operation of law or otherwise) without the prior written consent of the other party hereto and any attempted assignment without the required consent shall be void.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Maker, intending to be legally bound hereby, has caused this Note to be duly executed by the undersigned as of the day and year first above written.

LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION
a Cayman Islands exempted company

By: /s/ Adam Fisher
Name: Adam Fisher
Title: Director

Agreed and Acknowledged:

CWAM LC SPONSOR LLC
a Delaware limited liability company
By: ABF Manager LLC, its manager
By: AFT Investments LLC, its sole member

By: /s/ Oliver Walters
Name: Oliver Walters
Title: Authorized Signatory

Signature Page to Promissory Note

SCHEDULE OF BORROWINGS

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO
RULE 13A-14(A) AND RULE 15D-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Robert Hutter, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Learn CW Investment Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 19, 2024

By: /s/ Robert Hutter

Robert Hutter

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Learn CW Investment Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Robert Hutter, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as added by §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 19, 2024

By: /s/ Robert Hutter
Robert Hutter
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)